## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1 (Currently amended). A method to treat tissue in a selected wall region of an esophagus comprising the steps of

introducing an elongate member into the an esophagus, the elongate member comprising at least one electrode <u>carried</u> by the elongate member <del>operatively coupled to a source of radiofrequency energy</del> and an inflatable body carried by the elongate member <u>circumferentially-spaced from and</u> free of physical <del>or</del> and electrical contact with the any electrode;

inflating the <u>inflatable</u> body to stabilize the electrode in physical and electrical contact with the <u>a</u> selected wall region <u>of the esophagus</u>, while keeping the <u>inflated</u> body free of physical <del>or</del> <u>and</u> electrical contact with <u>any</u> electrode; and

radiofrequency energy to the electrode to treat tissue in the selected wall region.

2 (Original). The method of claim 1

wherein delivering radiofrequency energy causes heating of tissue in the selected wall region.

3 (Original). The method of claim 1

wherein delivering radiofrequency energy source causes the temperature of tissue in the selected wall region to be heated to a range of 45°C to 65°C.

4 (Original). The method of claim 3

wherein delivering radiofrequency energy causes the temperature of tissue in the selected wall region to be heated to a range of 50°C to 60°C.

5 (Original). The method of claim 1

wherein delivering radiofrequency energy causes the temperature of tissue in the selected wall region to be heated to a range of 60°C to 80°C.

6 (Original). The method of claim 5

wherein delivering radiofrequency energy causes the temperature of tissue in the selected wall region to be heated to a range of 60°C to 70°C.

7 (Original). The method of claim 1

further comprising the step of modulating a power level of the radiofrequency energy delivered in response to a measured temperature of tissue in the selected wall region.

8 (Original). The method of claim 1

further comprising the step of modulating a power level of the radiofrequency energy delivered in response to a measured impedance of tissue in the selected wall region.

9 (Currently amended). A method of thermally-mediated therapy to treat a dysfunction associated with laxity in a selected wall portion of an esophagus, the method comprising the steps of

introducing the <u>an</u> elongate member into the <u>an</u> esophagus, the elongate member comprising at least one electrode <u>carried by the elongate member operatively coupled to a source of electrical energy</u> and an inflatable body carried by the elongate member <u>circumferentially-spaced from and free</u> of physical <u>or and</u> electrical contact with the <u>any</u> electrode;

inflating the <u>inflatable</u> body to stabilize the electrode in physical and electrical contact with the <u>a</u> selected wall region of the esophagus, while keeping the <u>inflated</u> body free of physical or <u>and</u> electrical contact with <u>any</u> electrode; and

coupling the electrode to a source of electrical energy to delivering deliver electrical energy to the electrode to stimulate an injury-healing process.

10 (Original). The method of claim 9

wherein delivering electrical energy affects synthesis of nascent collagen in the injury-healing process.

11 (Original). The method of claim 9

wherein delivering electrical energy affects shrinkage of native collagen.

12 (Original). The method of claim 9

wherein delivering electrical energy causes heating of tissue in the selected wall region.

13 (Currently amended). The method of claim 9

wherein delivering electrical energy source causes the temperature of tissue in the selected wall region to be heated to a range of 45°C to 65°C.

14 (Original). The method of claim 13

wherein delivering electrical energy causes the temperature of tissue in the selected wall region to be heated to a range of 50°C to 60°C.

15 (Currently amended). The method of claim 9 8

wherein delivering electrical energy causes the temperature of tissue in the selected wall region to be heated to a range of 60°C to 80°C.

16 (Original). The method of claim 15

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wherein delivering electrical energy causes the temperature of tissue in the selected wall region to be heated to a range of 60°C to 70°C.

17 (Original). The method of claim 9

further comprising the step of modulating a power level of the electrical energy delivered in response to a measured temperature of tissue in the selected wall region.

18 (Original). The method of claim 9

further comprising the step of modulating a power level of the electrical energy delivered in response to a measured impedance of tissue in the selected wall region.